

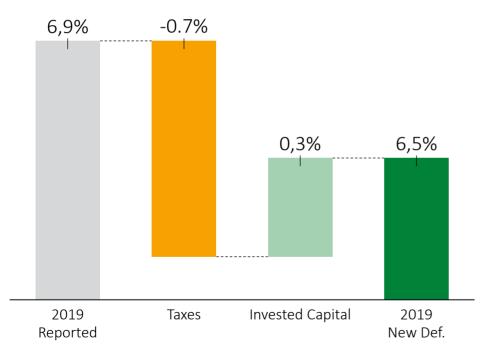
#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## Efficient cash generation and cash allocation



## ROIC definition changed to widely accepted standard

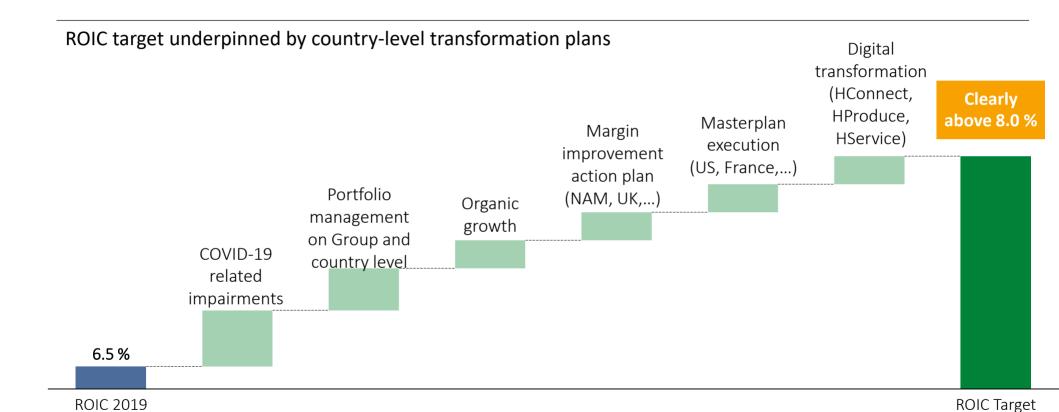
# ROIC: changed calculation of taxes and average invested capital



- Adjusted effective current tax rate is applied on NOPAT
- Tax rate calculated as current tax expenses of the current year divided by pre-tax profit excl. impairment
  - Previous year tax expenses not considered
  - Deferred taxes not considered: high volatility, non-cash
- Invested capital defined as equity plus net debt less long-term financial assets (excl. JVs & associates) less short-term interest-bearing receivables
- Increased transparency
- Unfavorable impact on ROIC (-0.4%)

#### • CAPITAL EFFICIENCY

## Our ROIC target: clearly above 8%



## Cash conversion rate target around 45%

#### Free Cash Flow: changed CapEx definition

2019 Old definition (€m)		2019 New definition (€m)	
Cash flow from operating activities	2,664	Cash flow from operating activities	2,664
Sustaining CapEx	-911	CapEx Net	-962
Free Cash Flow	1,753	Free Cash Flow	1,702
Operating EBITDA	3,580	Operating EBITDA	3,580
Cash conversion	49%	Cash conversion	48%

CapEx Net reflects investments in and divestments of tangible fixed assets and is replacing the internal 'Sustaining CapEx definition.

Free cash flow is now reconcilable with legal cash flow statement

### Drivers for reaching target

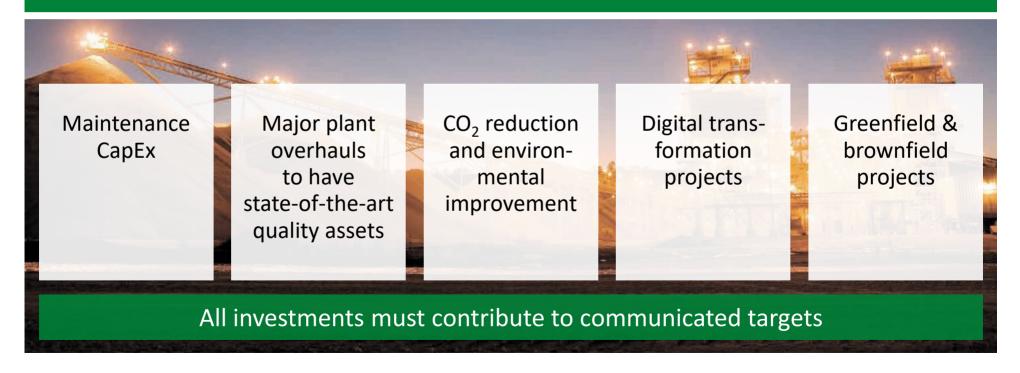
- Strict monitoring of investments based on clear criteria limiting CapEx Net to approx. €1.2 bn p.a.
- Further reduction of interest payments through improved financing conditions, deleveraging and solid investment grade rating
- Continue active working capital management
- Keeping cash tax payments below 25% of adjusted profit before taxes

We achieved our target of 45% cash conversion rate. Now we keep it around this level!

#### 2 CASH GENERATION

## CapEx with clear focus on asset base improvement

## CapEx Net limited at approx. €1.2 bn p.a.



#### 2 CASH GENERATION

## Growth CapEx / M&A based on stringent investment criteria

Focus on value creation

Investment criteria strictly applied



Selective bolt-on growth CapEx and M&A with high synergy potential



No multi-country or multi-business M&A

Strategic fit, aligned with portfolio strategy



Contribute to net profit in year 1 after acquisition



ROIC clearly above 8% after full integration



#### 2 CASH GENERATION

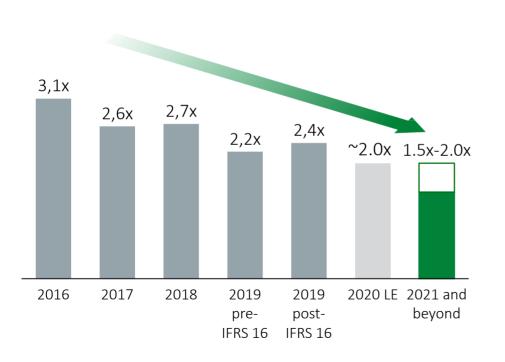
## Targeted and disciplined approach to investment projects

### Focus on disciplined implementation aligned with portfolio strategy:

Strategy	Technical	Sustainability	Finance
Strategic fit, markets and competition	Technical aspects of any project	Compatibility with sustainability commitments	Financial attractiveness and risk evaluation
<ul><li>Market attractiveness</li><li>Fit with current footprint</li><li>Synergies</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Project resources</li> <li>Geological assessment</li> <li>Engineering requirements</li> <li>Supply constraints</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Analysis of impact on CO<sub>2</sub></li> <li>Environment</li> <li>Human rights</li> <li>Reputation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tools:     DCF analysis,     Monte Carlo simulation,     risk assessment</li> <li>Projected ROIC</li> <li>EPS accretion</li> <li>Financial targets     analysis</li> </ul>

## Committed to strong balance sheet – reducing leverage ratio to 1.5x-2.0x

### Leverage ratio (Net Debt / EBITDA)



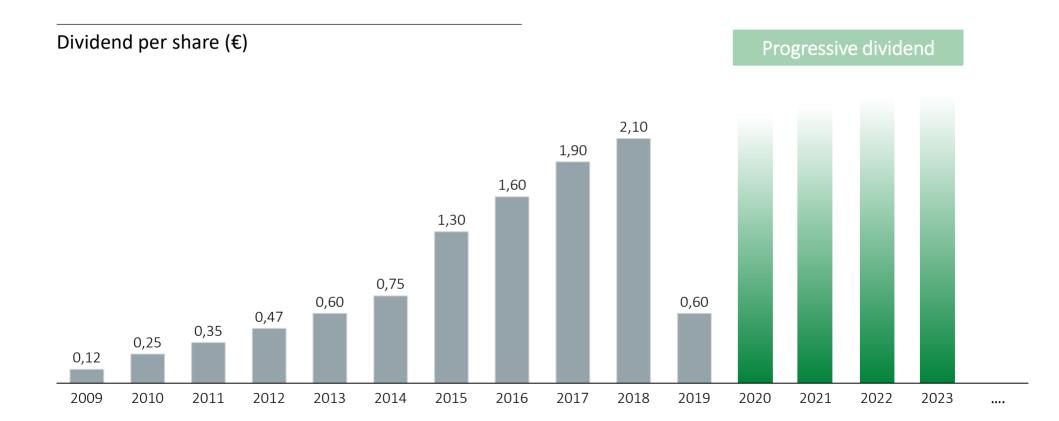
### Clear commitment to reach leverage target

- HeidelbergCement has a history of consistent deleveraging over the last years
- We will most likely achieve leverage of 2 or below incl. IFRS16 already by end of this year
- Commitment to mid-term target of 1.5x to 2.0x
   from 2021 onwards
- Deleveraging commitment is embedded in our capital allocation strategy

Target: achieve and maintain BBB flat rating

#### 3 CASH ALLOCATION

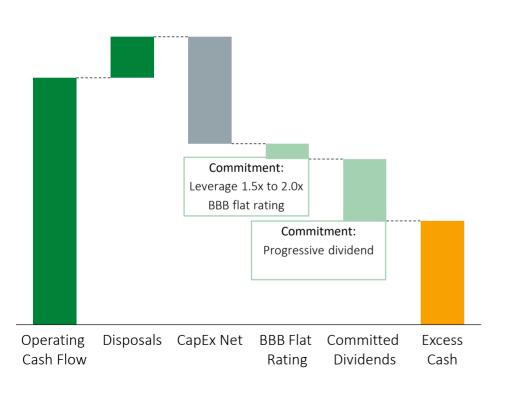
## Dividends as important part of shareholder returns



#### 3 CASH ALLOCATION

## Strictly defined capital allocation framework

### Cash generation & allocation over the next 3 years





### Growth CapEx / Bolt-on M&A

- Only if net debt & dividend commitment are not at risk
- Aligned with focus markets identified in portfolio review
- ROIC clearly above 8% after full integration
- Contribute to net profit in year 1 after acquisition



### Share buyback

Flexible option for additional shareholder return in stable environment

#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### Efficient cash generation and cash allocation





### Disclaimer

Unless otherwise indicated, the financial information provided herein has been prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

This presentation contains forward-looking statements and information. Forward-looking statements and information are statements that are not historical facts, related to future, not past, events. They include statements about our believes and expectations and the assumptions underlying them. These statements and information are based on plans, estimates, projections as they are currently available to the management of HeidelbergCement. Forward-looking statements and information therefore speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update publicly any of them in light of new information or future events.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements and information are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. A variety of factors, many of which are beyond HeidelbergCement's control, could cause actual results to defer materially from those that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statement or information. For HeidelbergCement particular uncertainties arise, among others, from changes in general economic and business conditions in Germany, in Europe, in the United States and elsewhere from which we derive a substantial portion of our revenues and in which we hold a substantial portion of our assets; the possibility that prices will decline as result of continued adverse market conditions to a greater extent than currently anticipated by HeidelbergCement's management; developments in the financial markets, including fluctuations in interest and exchange rates, commodity and equity prices, debt prices (credit spreads) and financial assets generally; continued volatility and a further deterioration of capital markets; a worsening in the conditions of the

credit business and, in particular, additional uncertainties arising out of the subprime, financial market and liquidity crises; the outcome of pending investigations and legal proceedings and actions resulting from the findings of these investigations; as well as various other factors.

More detailed information about certain of the risk factors affecting HeidelbergCement is contained throughout this presentation and in HeidelbergCement's financial reports, which are available on the HeidelbergCement website, www.heidelbergcement.com. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described in the relevant forward-looking statement or information as expected, anticipated, intended, planned, believed, sought, estimated or projected.

In addition to figures prepared in accordance with IFRS, HeidelbergCement also presents alternative performance measures, including, among others Operating EBITDA, EBITDA margin, Adjusted EPS, free cash flow and net debt. These alternative performance measures should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, the information prepared in accordance with IFRS. Alternative performance measures are not subject to IFRS or any other generally accepted accounting principles. Other companies may define these terms in different ways. "Operating EBITDA" definition included in this presentation represents "Result from current operations before depreciation and amortization (RCOBD)" and "Operating Income" represents "Result from current operations (RCO)" lines in the annual and interim reports.